

Aufgabe 2.1

a) $c_F = \frac{C d^4}{8 D_m^3} = 53,71 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

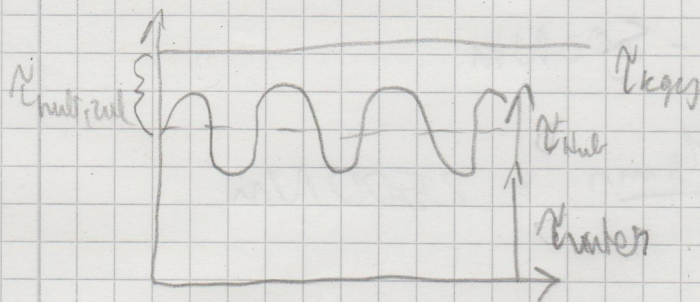
b) $F_{hub} = C_F \cdot W_B = 450N$

c) $F_{ges} = F_v + F_{hub} = 730N$

$\sigma_{max} = \frac{M}{W} = \frac{F_{ges} \cdot \frac{D_m}{2} \cdot l_b}{\pi d^3} = 4164 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

$\sigma_{zul} = 700 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

$\sigma_{max} < \sigma_{zul} \checkmark$



d) $\sigma_{kunter} = K \cdot \sigma_{vorsp}$

$W = \frac{D_m}{d} = 5,6 \Rightarrow K = 1,25$

$\sigma_{vorsp} = \frac{M}{W} = \frac{F_v \cdot \frac{D_m}{2} \cdot l_b}{\pi d^3} = 159,72 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

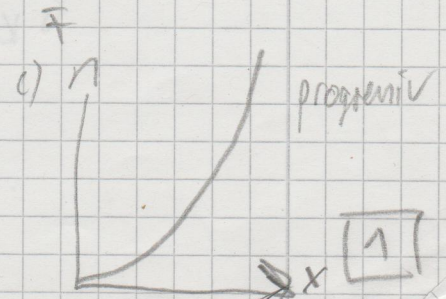
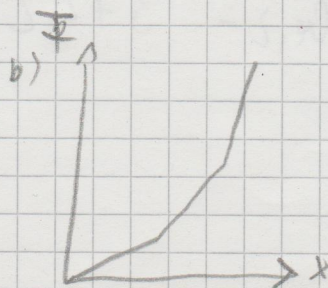
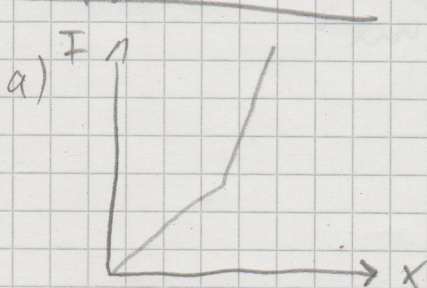
$\Rightarrow \sigma_{kunter} = 199,64 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

$\sigma_{hub,zul} = \sigma_{kges} - \sigma_{kunter} = 350,36 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

$S = \frac{\sigma_{hub,zul}}{\sigma_{hub}} = 1,43 < 1,5$

\Rightarrow Feder nicht dauerfest

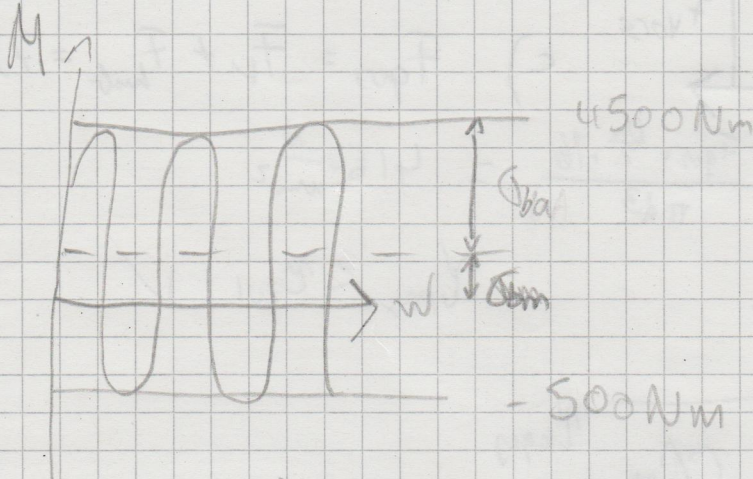
Aufgabe 2.1



4. Aufgabe

$$\sigma_{\text{Kerbe},1} = \beta_1 \cdot \sigma_{\text{ba}1} = \frac{\alpha_1}{w} \cdot \sigma_{\text{ba}}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Kerbe},2} = \frac{\alpha_2}{w} \cdot \sigma_{\text{ba}2}$$



$$M_{\text{ba}} = \frac{M_{\text{max}} - M_{\text{min}}}{2} = 2500 \text{ Nm}$$

$$M_{\text{bm}} = M_{\text{max}} - M_{\text{ba}} = 2000 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{ba}1} = \frac{M_{\text{ba}} \cdot 37'}{\pi d^3} = 203,72 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

$$\frac{f_1}{t_1} = 1,25 \quad \frac{d_1}{D_1} = 0,84 \quad \Rightarrow \alpha_1 = 1,6$$

$$\frac{f_2}{t_2} = 1 \quad \frac{d_2}{D_2} = 0,75 \quad \Rightarrow \alpha_2 = 1,7$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\text{Kerbe},1} = 516,65 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Kerbe},2} = 372,23 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

Theoriefragen:

- 1) richtig
- 2) falsch
- 3) richtig
- 4) falsch
- 5) falsch

4.3 Grundlagen

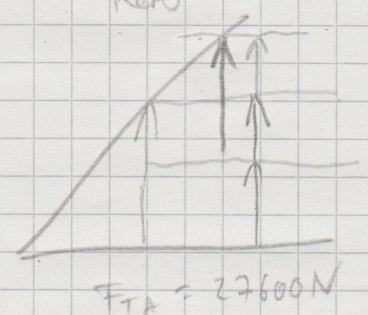
$F_{zdm} = 0$	$F_{zda} = 0$
$M_{dm} = 0$	$M_{da} \neq 0$
$M_{tm} \neq 0$	$M_{ta} = 0$

3. Schraubenaufgabe

a) $F_V = 70\,000\text{ N} \quad \pm 15\%$
 $F_A = 30\,000\text{ N}$ (Schwelle)

S_p, S_s gegeben

b) $F_{Kerbs} = 30\,000\text{ N}$



$F_{V_{min}} = F_V \cdot 15\% = 5\,950\text{ N}$

$F_{TA} = (1 - \phi) F_A =$

$\phi = 0,68$

$F_{TA} = 27\,600\text{ N}$
 $F_{Kmin} = F_{Vmin} + F_{TA} = 31\,900\text{ N}$

erforderl. Klemmkraft wird erreicht!

c) $\sigma_A = 60 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$

10.9 Festigkeitsklasse

$A_T = 113,1\text{ mm}^2$

$A_S = 136\text{ mm}^2$

$\sigma_{min} = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{F_{SA}}{2 \cdot A_S}$
 $= 8,82 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$

$S_{0,2} = 3$

A { dynamisch A_5
statisch { Schaft A_5
Dehn A_4

$$S_0 = \frac{G_A}{\dots} = 6,8$$

$$6,8 > 3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} \downarrow) \quad F_a &= p \cdot A = 60 \text{ bar} \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} (40 \text{ mm}^2) \\ &= 60 \cdot 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 40 \text{ mm}^2 \\ &= 7539,82 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\hookrightarrow F_{A,1} = \frac{F_a}{4} = 1884,93 \text{ N}$$